

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

20 Mar 2015

Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

Task Number: 71-9-6510

Task Title: Plan Counter-Reconnaissance Operations (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	JP 3-01	Countering Air and Missile Threats	Yes	No
	JP 3-10	JOINT SECURITY OPERATIONS IN THEATER	Yes	Yes
	JP 3-13.1	Joint Doctrine for Command and Control Warfare (C2W)	Yes	No

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on countering hostile reconnaissance. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff plans to counter hostile reconnaissance by denying enemy opportunities to observe joint forces and by locating and destroying enemy reconnaissance elements in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAW unit CATS statement.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	80-89%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		T-		
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-				
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%		<=50%		U		

Remarks: None

Notes: None.

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff plans to counter enemy reconnaissance and surveillance efforts by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Identifying critical aspects of friendly capabilities that, if known by the enemy, would compromise operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Denying the enemy information about friendly operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Destroying or repelling enemy reconnaissance elements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Employing active and passive efforts to protect friendly forces from observation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Conducting security operations to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Confuse the enemy about the location of battle positions and critical facilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Prevent the enemy from determining precise locations and strength of positions, obstacles, engagement areas, and reserve forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Gain and maintain contact with the enemy to delay, deceive, and disrupt enemy reconnaissance operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff implements the operations security planning process to counter enemy reconnaissance by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Identifying critical information pertaining to friendly intentions, capabilities, and activities to protect.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Analyzing threats through evaluation of intelligence, counter-intelligence, and open-source information to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Identify parties with the intent and capability to take action against the planned operation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Determine adversary goals.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Establish the most likely and most dangerous adversary courses of action to oppose the planned operation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Define the critical information the adversary may already have about the operation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Detect adversary intelligence collection capabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Confirm the affiliates of the adversary and whether they will share information.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Assessing friendly vulnerabilities to identify indicators that could reveal critical information by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Identifying indicators of critical information created by friendly activities during the upcoming operation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Correlating indicators the adversary can collect with their capability to detect them.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Selecting indicators the adversary can use to the disadvantage of friendly forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Determining if the application of countermeasures will introduce indicators the adversary will collect.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Assessing risk to operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Analyzing the vulnerabilities previously identified to identify countermeasures for each vulnerability.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Comparing the effect of countermeasures on operations with the effects on mission accomplishment resulting from adversary exploitation of a particular vulnerability.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Selecting specific countermeasures for execution based on risk assessment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Coordinating measures with other information operations capabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff coordinates counterintelligence investigations, operations, collection, reporting, analysis, and production to identify espionage, sabotage, subversion, and terror threats posed by enemies and insiders.	N/A	N/A	N/A
4. The staff plans electronic warfare operations to protect friendly systems and use of the electro-magnetic spectrum by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Employing active or passive countermeasure(s) preemptively or reactively.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Validating electromagnetic compatibility of systems and equipment to avoid unacceptable degradation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Employing electromagnetic deception to convey misleading information to enemy collection capability.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Hardening electromagnetic systems to filter, attenuate, and shield facilities and equipment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Transmitting electromagnetic intrusion to deceive enemy intercept operators.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Employing electromagnetic jamming to prevent or reduce enemy use of the electro-magnetic spectrum.	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Deploying electronic masking measures to protect communications and electronic systems against enemy signals intelligence without degrading friendly systems.	N/A	N/A	N/A
h. Conducting electronic reconnaissance to detect, locate, identify, and evaluate electro-magnetic radiations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
i. Enforcing electronics security measures to deny information of value derived from interception of non-communications electro-magnetic radiations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
j. Controlling emissions to optimize command and control capabilities while minimizing:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Detection by enemy sensors.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Inhibitors to executing a military deception plan.	N/A	N/A	N/A

k. Managing the frequency spectrum to enable electronic systems to function without causing interference.	N/A	N/A	N/A
l. Employing reserve modes of sensors, communications, navigation aids, weapons, and countermeasures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. The staff integrates electronics security measures into operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Determining the enemy electronic warfare capability.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Developing procedures to reprogram non-communications systems in response to threats.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Implementing procedures to prevent or disrupt enemy electronics intelligence collection.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Requesting support to disrupt enemy electronics intelligence collection if organic assets are insufficient.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Identifying measures necessary to deny operations security indicators to enemy sensors.	N/A	N/A	N/A
6. The staff develops priority intelligence requirements concerning relevant actors, local and transnational threat networks, and their probable objectives and intentions by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Identifying the effect of bases and lines of communication on enemy objectives and intentions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Locating enemy reconnaissance and surveillance personnel and equipment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Confirming enemy intelligence capabilities, to include use of local hire base workers and infiltrators.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Defining enemy reconnaissance and surveillance capabilities and tactics.	N/A	N/A	N/A
7. The staff plans to counter the air and space reconnaissance and surveillance threat by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Employing active air and missile defense capabilities and measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Maintaining air superiority.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Neutralizing or destroying enemy reconnaissance aircraft.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Employing air-to-air capable aircraft, surface-to-surface missiles, surface-to-air missiles, artillery, special operations forces, and electronic attack capabilities against enemy reconnaissance and surveillance efforts.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5200	Assess the Operational Situation	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5300	Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5400	Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-TA-5310	Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-LDR-5003	Use the Mission Order Technique	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-2300	Perform Information Collection	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5144	Develop a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5145	Conduct Risk Management	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
OP 6.5.1 - INVALID	INVALID - Provide Counterreconnaissance in the Joint Operations Area

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified			

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to FM 3-34.5 Environmental Considerations and GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.